15

5

What is claimed is: ABB 20-22

A stent having first and second ends with an intermediate section therebetween, the stent further having a longitudinal axis and providing axial flexibility, comprising:

- a plurality of longitudinally disposed bands, wherein each band defines a generally continuous wave having a spatial frequency along a line segment parallel to the longitudinal axis; and
 - a plurality of links for maintaining the bands in a tubular structure.
- 2. A stent according to claim 1, wherein each band is connected, at a plurality of periodic locations, by a short circumferential link to an adjacent band.
 - 3. A stent according to claim 1, wherein the wave associated with each of the bands has approximately the same fundamental spatial frequency for the intermediate section.
 - 4. A stent according to claim 3, wherein the bands are so disposed that the waves associated with them are spatially aligned so as to be generally in phase with one another.
- 5. A stent according to claim 4, wherein the spatially aligned bands are connected, at a plurality of periodic locations, by a short circumferential link to an adjacent band.
 - 6. A stent according to claim 5, wherein, at each one of a first group of common axial positions, there is a circumferential link between each of a first set of adjacent pairs of bands.
- 7. A stent according to claim 5, wherein, at each one of a second group of common axial positions, there is a circumferential link between each of a second set of adjacent rows of bands, wherein, along the longitudinal axis, a common axial position occurs alternately in the first group and in the second group, and the first and second sets are selected so that a given band is linked to a neighboring band at only one of the first and second groups of common axial positions.

20

25

5

- 8. A stent according to claim 2, wherein the spatial frequency of the wave associated with each of the bands, is decreased in a first end region lying proximate to the first end and in a second end region lying proximate to the second end, in comparison to the spatial frequency of the wave in the intermediate section.
- 9. A stent according to claim 8, wherein the spatial frequency is decreased by about 20 % compared with the spatial frequency of the wave in the intermediate section.
- 10. A stent according to claim 8, wherein the first end region lies between the first end and a set of circumferential links lying closest to the first end and the second end region lies between the second end and a set of circumferential links lying closest to the second end.
- 11. A stent according to claim 8, wherein widths of corresponding sections of the bands, measured in a circumferential direction are greater in the first and second end regions than in the intermediate section.
 - 12. A stent according to claim 10, wherein widths of corresponding sections of the bands, measured in a circumferential direction, are greater in the first and second end regions than in the intermediate section.
 - 13. A stent according to claim 1, wherein each band includes a terminus at each of the first and second ends and the adjacent pairs of bands are joined at their termini to form a closed loop.
 - 14. A stent according to claim 8, wherein each band includes a terminus at each of the first and second ends and the adjacent pairs of bands are joined at their termini to form a closed loop.

5

10

15

20

- 15. A stent according to claim 9, wherein the first end region lies between the first end and a set of circumferential links lying closest to the first end and the second end region lies between the second end and a set of circumferential links lying closest to the second end.
- 16. A stent according to claim 15, wherein widths of corresponding sections of the bands, measured in a circumferential direction, are greater in the first and second end
- 17. A stent according to claim 7, wherein the spatial frequency of the wave associated with each of the bands, is decreased in a first end region lying proximate to the first end and a second end region lying proximate to the second end, in comparison to the spatial frequency of the wave in the intermediate section.
- 18. A stent having first and second ends with an intermediate section therebetween, the stent further having a longitudinal axis and providing axial flexibility, comprising:
- a plurality of longitudinally disposed bands, wherein each band defines a generally continuous wave having a spatial frequency along a line segment parallel to the longitudinal axis; the spatial frequency of the wave associated with each of the bands being decreased in a first end region lying proximate to the first end and in a second end region lying proximate to the second end, in comparison to the spatial frequency of the wave in the intermediate section; and
 - a plurality of links for maintaining the bands in a tubular structure.
- 19. A stent according to claim 18, wherein widths of sections of the bands, measured in a circumferential direction, are greater in the first and second end regions than in the intermediate section.